PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY

AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019



Tipton, Marler, Garner & Chastain The CPA Group

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

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Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Panama City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that

are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District, as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, state financial assistance, and passenger facility charges is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and as specified in the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, state financial assistance, and passenger facility charges is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, state financial assistance, and passenger facility charges is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other supplementary section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2021, on our consideration of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida January 22, 2021

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the Panama City-Bay County Airport and Industrial District's (the "District") activities and financial performance provides an introduction to the basic financial statements of the District for the year ended September 30, 2020 with comparative information for the year ended September 30, 2019. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the information contained in the financial statements and the notes thereto, which are essential to a full understanding of the financial statement data.

District Background and History

The District was established pursuant to a special act of the Florida Legislature in 1967, recodified and amended by Chapter 2005-311, Laws of Florida, and subsequently amended by Chapter 2010-274, Laws of Florida. It is a political subdivision of the state and is an independent special district pursuant to the constitution and laws of Florida. The District owns and operates the Northwest Florida Beaches International Airport (the "Airport"), which opened on May 23, 2010. The Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") Airport identifier is ECP.

The District is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors who are appointed to four-year terms. The Act requires that two members of the Board be appointed by the City Commission of the City of Panama City, two members be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Bay County, two members be appointed by the City Council of Panama City Beach, and one member be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners of Walton County.

The Airport is situated on approximately 4,000 acres located in Bay County, Florida, 12 miles north of Panama City Beach. It is classified as a small hub airport by the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA"). Phase One of development of the Airport property includes approximately 1,200 acres.

The Airport has one concrete/grooved runway, Runway 16/34. It measures 10,000 feet in length and is used by both commercial and general aviation aircraft.

ECP was the first commercial international airport designed and built after September 11, 2001. The terminal building measures approximately 129,000 square feet and houses seven gates.

The District is self-supporting, using aircraft landing fees, airline rentals and fees, terminal and airport property rentals, and revenues from concessions and parking to fund operating expenses. Operating expenses of the District are not taxpayer funded. Construction programs are funded by federal and state grants, Passenger Facility Charges ("PFCs"), and District revenues.

Brief Discussion of Basic Financial Statements

This report consists of a series of financial statements that are designed to help the reader understand the District's financial position. Two of these statements, the *Statements of Net Position* and the *Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position* report information about the District and its activities in a way that helps illustrate if the District is better or worse financially as a result of the year's activities.

These two statements inform the reader of the District's net position and changes in that net position. The District's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or weakening.

Since the District charges fees to tenants and concessionaires to cover the costs of the services it provides, the District records its activities in one proprietary fund. Proprietary funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. Under this method of accounting, all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets of the District exceeded total liabilities by \$259,031,499 (net position). Of this amount, \$18,594,299 is unrestricted.
- Operating revenues decreased by \$622,021, or 4.87%, from prior year operating revenues.
- Operating expenses increased by \$1,141,755, or 5.36%, over prior year operating expenses.
- Terminal complex revenues decreased \$1,546,708, or 33.62%, compared to prior year.
- The District's outstanding long-term debt decreased by \$1,443,989.
- Total net position decreased by \$906,970, or 0.35%, due largely to depreciation expense of \$14,192,560.

COVID-19 severely affected revenues throughout the aviation industry. Passenger related revenues including concessions, parking, rental car fees, Passenger Facility Charges and Consolidated Facility Charges at the airport suffered due to the pandemic, as is reflected in the District's financial statements included in this audit report.

Condensed Comparative Financial Statements

The following table provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net assets of the District for the current and prior year:

2019

Net Position
2020
/ 11 / 11

		2017
Current and other assets	\$ 28,081,811	\$ 28,152,920
Capital assets	269,167,093	272,503,246
Total assets	297,248,904	300,656,166

Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	dities 3,887,789	
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	234,837,477	236,729,641
Restricted	5,599,723	4,969,213
Unrestricted	18,594,299	18,239,615
Total net position	\$ 259,031,499	\$ 259,938,469

Investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, and equipment), net of any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets, represents the District's largest portion of net assets. These capital assets are utilized to provide services to the public; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Unrestricted net position, which is available for future spending, increased by \$354,684, or 1.94% in 2020.

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net assets for the current and prior year:

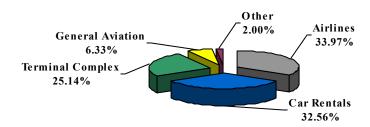
Changes in Net Position

	2020	2019	
Revenues			
Operating revenues	\$ 12,147,202	\$ 12,769,223	
Grants and entitlements	8,913,312	3,199,856	
PFC revenues	1,619,871	2,169,008	
CFC revenues	541,921	1,256,338	
Interest	6,589	6,506	
Total revenues	23,228,895	19,400,931	
Expenses			
Operating expenses	22,436,981	21,295,226	
Interest expense	1,645,586	1,709,088	
Total expenses	24,082,567	23,004,314	
Excess (deficiency) before			
special items	(853,672)	(3,603,383)	
Special items			
Unrealized gain (loss)	(4,512)	(38)	
Net Insurance proceeds	8,394	303,729	
Disaster/COVID-19 Expense	(64,410)	(275,287)	
Gain on disposal of assets	7,230	(745)	
Total special items	(53,298)	27,659	
Increase (decrease) in net position	<u>\$ (906,970)</u>	<u>\$ (3,575,724)</u>	

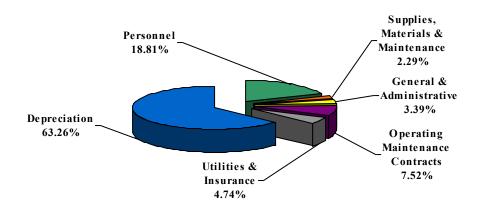
Analysis of Financial Position and Results of Operations

Operating revenues are primarily generated from users of the Airport and include airline fees and charges, concessions, parking, car rentals, general aviation space rentals and building rentals. These collections are accounted for in the District's one proprietary fund.

The largest sources of operating revenues for the District are airlines at \$4,126,367, rental cars at \$3,955,225, and the terminal complex, which includes parking and concessions at \$3,053,582. The following chart shows the major sources of revenues for the year ended September 30, 2020:



Depreciation accounts for the largest portion of operating expenses at \$14,192,560. Depreciation is not budgeted, and it also represents a high percentage of the District's expenses compared to other airports. Since the facility is relatively new, having opened in 2010, other airports of similar size may have fully depreciated facilities and depreciation is not such a large portion of expenses. Other major operating expenses include personnel at \$4,220,735, utilities and insurance at \$1,063,483 and operating maintenance contracts totaling \$1,686,335. The following chart shows the major categories of expenses for the year:



Budgetary Analysis

As an Independent Special District, the District must adopt a budget each fiscal year. This adopted budget regulates expenditures of the District. It is unlawful for the District to expend or contract for expenditures in any fiscal year except in fulfillment of appropriations.

The 2020 budget projected revenues of \$16,347,274 and operating expenses in the amount of \$8,876,260. It also included funds for capital projects, capital reserves and capital purchases of \$7,138,238, while debt service was budgeted at \$3,089,574. No budget amendments were made during the course of the year.

Without regard to depreciation, the District's operating expenses were under budget by \$631,839, or 7.12%, due in large part to staff efforts to control costs and operate as efficiently as possible. Actual operating expenses exceeded budget by \$13,560,721, due to depreciation expense of \$14,192,560, which was not budgeted.

The District's agreement with the signatory airlines provides for a rent and fees rebate and revenue sharing based on the financial results of operations of the Airport ("Settlement"). The Settlement amount of \$1,782,731, reduced revenues in the areas of concessions, parking and rental car fees of \$2,403,743, and lower than expected airline landing fees and rent resulted in actual operating revenues being less than budget by \$4,200,072.

Capital Assets

At September 30, 2020, the District had \$404,481,896 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, furniture and fixtures, police and fire equipment, maintenance equipment, vehicles, and capital improvement projects. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and disposals of capital assets) of \$10,514,138, or 2.67%, compared to last year.

Capital Assets

	2020	2019
Land	\$ 70,669,561	\$ 70,669,561
Buildings	186,423,540	186,423,540
Improvements other than buildings	129,635,452	126,722,689
Furniture and equipment	8,008,511	7,832,627
Construction work-in-progress	9,744,832	2,319,341
Total	\$ 404,481,896	\$ 393,967,758
Depreciation	(135,314,803)	(121,464,512)
Total Net Capital Assets	<u>\$ 269,167,093</u>	\$ 272,503,246

Major capital asset notable changes during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Capital equipment additions totaled \$518,154 with disposals equaling \$342,270;
- Improvements additions totaled \$2,912,763;
- Mitigation site development was ongoing at a cost of \$397,868, of which \$159,408 was funded by FAA grants;
- A terminal apron slab repair project was completed with a total cost of \$1,219,794, of which Florida Department of Transportation ("FDOT") and FAA grants funded \$1,147,713;
- The Terminal apron expansion project was completed at a cost of \$1,001,498, of which \$901,348 was funded by an FAA grant;
- The public covered parking canopy that was damaged as a result of Hurricane Michael was replaced at a cost of \$272,100, with an insurance payment covering \$232,944 of the cost; and
- Notable projects in progress include a Terminal expansion with costs in progress of \$5,119,405, the transient apron and Taxiway E-1 with costs of \$3,890,732, and an update to the Airport's Master Plan with expenses to date of \$612,214.

Total capital expenditures for fiscal year 2020 were \$10,856,409 for grant and non-grant projects and equipment. Federal and state contributions to these expenditures totaled \$8,798,423, insurance reimbursement equal \$232,944, with the remaining \$1,825,042 being funded by the District.

Debt Activity

At year-end, the District had long-term debt of \$34,329,616 with the State Infrastructure Bank of Florida ("SIB") as shown below:

Outstanding Debt

	2020	2019
SIB Loan #1	\$ 18,575,669	\$ 19,353,483
SIB Loan #2	15,753,947	16,420,122
Total Debt	<u>\$ 34,329,616</u>	<u>\$ 35,773,605</u>

These loans mature in Fiscal Year 2037 and are collateralized by a pledge of net revenues and eligible Passenger Facility Charge revenues.

Statistical Information and Rates & Charges

Airport activities during 2020 as compared to 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019	% Increase (Decrease)
Enplanements	436,547	602,686	(27.57%)
Total Passengers	878,113	1,204,404	(27.09%)
Aircraft Operations	65,561	63,002	4.06%
Aircraft Landed Weight	659,746,789	692,392,787	(4.71%)

Fiscal year 2020 traffic decreased as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, which began in March 2020. Prior to the outbreak, ECP passenger traffic was poised to have a record year with the first five months of the fiscal year exceeding the same period in FY 2019 by 24.12%. The month of April 2020 saw a decrease in passengers of 94.72% compared to April 2019. However, by August 2020, traffic was only down by 20.67% compared to the prior year. ECP continues to see improvements in passenger traffic and well exceeds the industry average for rebounding to "normal" operations.

Budgeted Airport Rates & Charges are as follows:

	2020	2019	% Increase (Decrease)
Terminal Rental Rate	\$63.64	\$63.74	(0.16%)
Landing Fee	\$ 5.10	\$ 4.78	6.69%
Signatory Cost Per Enplanement	\$ 6.11	\$ 6.25	(2.24%)

The District's agreement with its signatory airline partners requires the Settlement calculation be done at the end of each fiscal year. This calculation takes into consideration all operating revenues and expenses and recalculates the terminal rental rate and landing fee. Any difference in the recalculated rate and the budgeted rate is either refunded or invoiced to the airlines. The agreement also provides for revenue sharing with the signatory partners, and this amount is calculated at the same time as the settlement.

The Settlement rates and charges, as recalculated, are as follows:

			% Increase
	2020	2019	(Decrease)
Terminal Rental Rate	\$60.80	\$57.84	5.12%
Landing Fee	\$ 4.75	\$ 4.23	12.29%
Signatory Cost Per Enplanement	\$ 9.42	\$ 4.11	129.20%

The settlement and revenue sharing calculations resulted in a rebate to the signatory airlines in the amount of \$1,782,731.

Currently Known Facts, Decisions or Conditions

Northwest Florida Beaches International Airport opened on May 23, 2010 with increased flights, improved competition and lower air fares than previously enjoyed at Panama City's predecessor airport, Panama City-Bay County International Airport (PFN). Passenger volumes have consistently increased each fiscal year since 2015, with 2018 and 2019 seeing double-digit growth of 11.53% and 14.80% respectively, with an excess of one million total passengers for each of the two years. The first five months of Fiscal Year 2020 were extremely promising, with the airport poised to have another recordbreaking year; however, with the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the aviation industry suffered a serious blow and the airport completed FY 2020 with a decline in passengers of 27.09%. Comparatively speaking, the District rebounded much stronger than many airports both in Florida and around the country.

The Airport has increased its market share of total passengers in the Panhandle region to 24%, as compared to 22% in FY 2019. The Panhandle region airports include ECP, Tallahassee International, Destin-Ft. Walton Beach and Pensacola International.

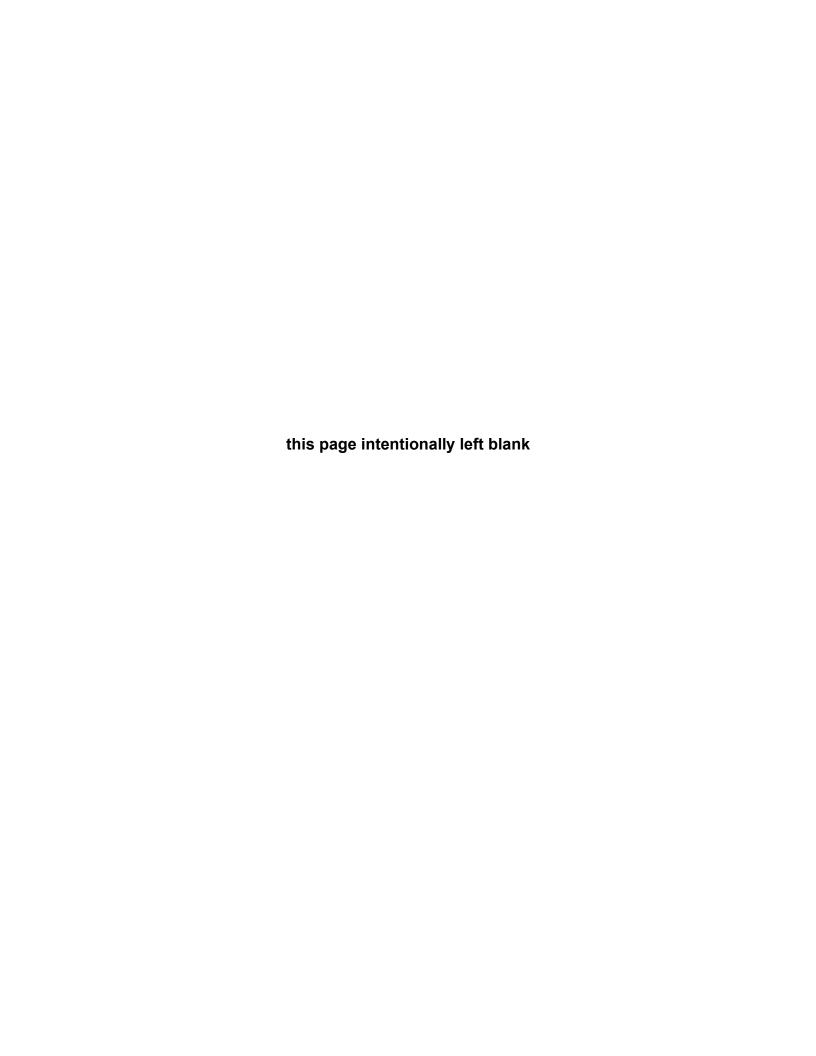
As we complete the tenth fiscal year of operation, the District continues the development of a sound financial structure. In order to move forward and carry on this trend, the District's goals for 2021 include working with the FAA and FDOT to further efforts in the development of the airfield and working with the Bay County Economic Development Alliance to encourage aviation-related businesses to locate at the airport. Currently, the District is working with a prospective tenant on an airfield development project ("Project Gator") to formalize an agreement with the District. Project Gator is also working with Space Florida on funding, and the District also has an approved term sheet with Triumph Gulf Coast for construction related to the project. The District plans to continue to develop both additional air service and other airport related business opportunities for our region.

The Airport has recently completed an expansion of the terminal facility, which includes two new gates, restrooms and concessions space. A new Airport Master Plan Update, which will shape our future growth, is nearing completion, as is a new transient apron for aircraft parking and related taxiway.

Additionally, the District is working with the Florida National Guard to relocate the Panama City Armory to the Airport and will be working with the FAA and the U.S. Army Corp of Engineers on the basic Environmental Assessment on various parcels not included in the Phase One Permit. Our continued refinement of the business process, improved cost effectiveness and marketing initiatives, and other strategic initiatives will guide our vision for the upcoming fiscal year. The outlook for the Airport and its growth is bright.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Director of Finance and Administration, Northwest Florida Beaches International Airport, 6300 West Bay Parkway, Box A, Panama City Beach, Florida 32409.



PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

ASSETS

	2020		2019	
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,115,661	\$ 17,778,314	
Investments		5,107	9,619	
Accounts receivable - trade		1,464,296	1,267,870	
Accounts receivable - grants		5,803,596	4,060,670	
Prepaid items		93,428	 67,234	
Total current assets		22,482,088	23,183,707	
Noncurrent Assets				
Restricted assets		5,599,723	4,969,213	
Capital assets:				
Land		70,669,561	70,669,561	
Buildings and improvements		186,423,540	186,423,540	
Improvements other than buildings		129,635,452	126,722,689	
Furniture and equipment		8,008,511	7,832,627	
Less accumulated depreciation		(135,314,803)	(121,464,512)	
Construction work-in-process		9,744,832	 2,319,341	
Net capital assets		269,167,093	272,503,246	
Total noncurrent assets		274,766,816	 277,472,459	
Total Assets	\$	297,248,904	\$ 300,656,166	

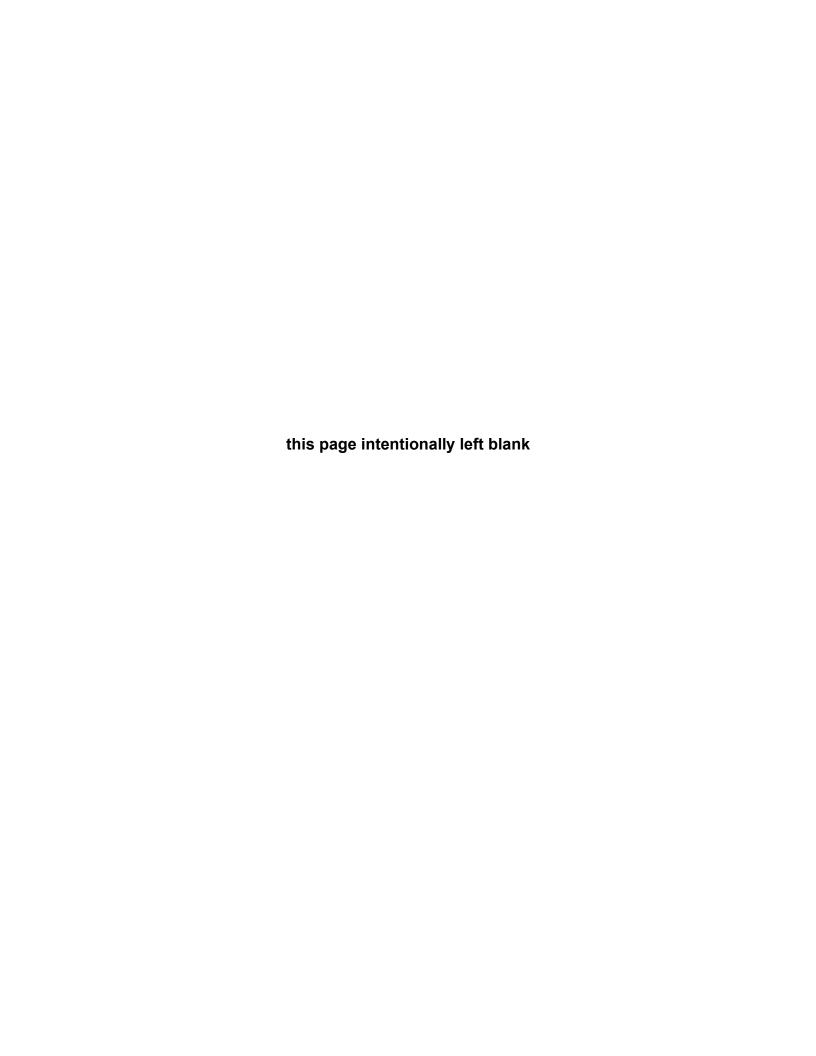
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

	2020		2019	
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	3,178,903	\$ 4,333,211	
Accrued expenses		365,860	372,996	
Current maturities of long-term liabilities		17,906	26,596	
Total current liabilities		3,562,669	4,732,803	
Long-Term Liabilities				
Long-term debt, less current maturities		34,329,616	35,773,605	
Accrued vacation		299,706	195,633	
Accrued sick leave		25,414	15,656	
Total long-term liabilities		34,654,736	 35,984,894	
Total liabilities		38,217,405	 40,717,697	
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets		234,837,477	236,729,641	
Restricted		5,599,723	4,969,213	
Unrestricted		18,594,299	18,239,615	
Total net position		259,031,499	259,938,469	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	297,248,904	\$ 300,656,166	

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020	2019
Operating Revenues		
Airlines	\$ 4,126,367	\$ 2,478,773
Car rentals	3,955,225	4,716,142
Terminal complex	3,053,582	4,600,290
General aviation	768,711	751,308
Other tenants and miscellaneous	 243,317	 222,710
Total operating revenues	 12,147,202	12,769,223
Operating Expenses		
Personnel costs	4,220,735	3,602,579
Supplies, materials, and maintenance	513,839	614,302
General and administrative expenses	760,029	718,537
Operating maintenance contracts	1,686,335	1,671,370
Utilities and insurance	1,063,483	1,020,067
Depreciation	14,192,560	13,668,371
Total operating expenses	22,436,981	21,295,226
Loss from operations	 (10,289,779)	(8,526,003)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Covid-19 expenses	(8,748)	-
Interest income	6,589	6,506
PFC revenues	1,619,871	2,169,008
CFC revenues	541,921	1,256,338
Interest expense	(1,645,586)	(1,709,088)
Grant revenues	8,913,312	3,199,856
Gain on disposal of assets	7,230	(745)
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(4,512)	(38)
Disaster expenses	(55,662)	(275,287)
Net insurance proceeds	 8,394	 303,729
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 9,382,809	4,950,279
Change in Net Position	(906,970)	(3,575,724)
Total Net Position at Beginning of Year	 259,938,469	263,514,193
Total Net Position at End of Year	\$ 259,031,499	\$ 259,938,469

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.



PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	2020			2019	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$	11,924,581	\$	12,974,293	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(5,097,477)		(3,829,583)	
Cash paid to employees for services		(4,170,176)		(3,674,156)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,656,928		5,470,554	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Acquisition of capital assets		(10,868,908)		(3,868,719)	
Proceeds from disposition of assets		19,730		12,250	
PFC/CFC revenues		2,117,356		3,516,465	
Proceeds from insurance		8,394		303,729	
SIB loan proceeds (principal paid)		(1,443,988)		(1,380,485)	
Interest expense on debt		(1,645,586)		(1,709,088)	
Grants received -					
FEMA/SERT		43,649		-	
State of Florida		507,008		466,558	
Federal Aviation Administration		6,522,247		2,199,424	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(4,740,098)		(459,866)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Interest earned on investments		6,589		6,506	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,076,581)		5,017,194	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		22,579,589		17,562,395	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	20,503,008	\$	22,579,589	

	2020			2019	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided					
By Operating Activities					
Operating loss	\$	(10,289,779)	\$	(8,526,003)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to					
net cash provided by operating activities-					
Depreciation		14,192,560		13,668,371	
Disaster/COVID-19 expenses		(64,410)		(275,287)	
TSA		97,480		110,540	
(Increase) decrease in assets:					
Accounts receivable		(196,426)		209,457	
Prepaid items		(26,194)		(4,386)	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:					
Accounts payable		(1,154,305)		322,069	
Accrued expenses		12,587		(44,284)	
Accrued vacation		75,657		6,898	
Accrued sick leave		9,758		3,179	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,656,928	\$	5,470,554	
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information					
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	1,645,586	\$	1,709,088	
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents per Statements of Cash Flows to the Statements of Net Position					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,115,661	\$	17,778,314	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		5,387,347	•	4,801,275	
•	\$	20,503,008	\$	22,579,589	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity:

The Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District ("the District") is an independent special district created by an act of the Legislature of the State of Florida and is not considered a component unit of any other local governmental unit. The special act which created the District was Chapter 67-1099 of House Bill 1608 filed June 19, 1967, which was later repealed and replaced by Chapter 98-527 of House Bill 4545 filed May 22, 1998, Chapter 2005-311 of House Bill 939 filed June 14, 2005, and Chapter 2005-311 of House Bill 1635 filed July 1, 2010. The Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District operates the Northwest Florida Beaches International Airport.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus (accrual basis of accounting). This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with this activity are included on the statements of net position. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. The annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The District is accounted for as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The District operates as a proprietary (enterprise) fund and applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Codification pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are lease fees and related charges. Operating

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

expenses of the District include personnel costs, supplies, materials, maintenance, general and administrative expenses, operating maintenance contracts, utilities and insurance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. Capital grants are reported as nonoperating revenue in compliance with GASB Statement No. 33.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Advertising:

Advertising costs are generally charged to operations in the year incurred. Advertising expense was \$237,800 and \$253,144 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Investments:

Investments are categorized at their fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the asset that prioritizes inputs into three levels; Level 1 – quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets; Level 2 – significant inputs that are observable; Level 3 – significant inputs that are unobservable.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost and are depreciated principally by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of individual assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Estimated useful lives are generally as follows:

Buildings and improvements 10-39 years Improvements other than buildings 5-39 years Furniture and equipment 3-15 years

Cash Equivalents:

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounts Receivable:

Accounts are charged to bad debt expense as they are deemed uncollectible. At September 30, 2020 and 2019, no allowance for uncollectible accounts was considered necessary.

Estimates:

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements:

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement will enhance consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This statement increased the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period". This statement will enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and will simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In August 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, "Majority Equity Interests". This statement will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and will improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In May 2019, the GASB issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations". This statement is to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with 1) commitments extended by issuers, 2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and 3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In January 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020". This statement will enhance the comparability in accounting and financial reporting and improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of interbank offered rates (IBORS) in hedging derivative instruments and leases and identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All other requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. This statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving the comparability of financial statements among governments that enter into public-public partnership arrangements (PPPS) and availability payment arrangements (APAs) and by enhancing the understanding, relevance, and consistency of information about PPPS and APAs. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance. This statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in statements and implementation guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. The requirements of this statement are effective immediately. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 95 in this annual report, however it does not have any current impact on the District.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This statement is to provide guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

In June 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District is evaluating the impact, if any, upon its financial position, results of operations or cash flows upon adoption.

NOTE 2 – RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted assets primarily represent cash and investments reserved in accordance with the loan ordinances and with requirements of the Passenger Facility Charge program.

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, restricted assets consisted of the following:

NOTE 2 - RESTRICTED ASSETS (Continued)

	 2020	 2019
Cash and Cash Equivalents –		
CFC Account	\$ 4,644,951	\$ 4,005,509
Construction	-	19,318
PFC Excess Cash	723,491	754,634
Forfeiture Funds	1,822	1,821
Law Enforcement Trust	605	605
Escrow Fund	12,000	12,000
Treasury Funds	4,481	7,388
Accounts Receivable - PFC	 212,373	 167,938
	\$ 5,599,723	\$ 4,969,213

NOTE 3 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; business interruption; job-related illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance.

There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year. The amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

Balance

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities are summarized as follows:

Balance

	Dalance				Daranee	
	October 1,				September 30,	Due in
	2019	Increases	D	ecreases	2020	One Year
State Infrastructure Bank Loan:						
Agreement dated December						
21, 2007 authorized a total						
principal of \$25,000,000,						
interest payable at 4.6%						
beginning October 1, 2011						
with principal and interest						
payments of \$1,668,074 due						
annually beginning October 1	Ι,					
2011 and maturing in 2036;						
The loan is collateralized by						
a pledge of net revenues and						
eligible PFC revenues.	\$ 19,353,483	\$	- \$	777,813	\$ 18,575,670	\$ -
		-20-				

	Balance October 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance September 30, 2020	Due in One Year
State Infrastructure Bank Loan: Agreement dated April 27, 2009 authorized a total principal of \$20,000,000, interest payable at 4.6% beginning October 1, 2011 with principal and interest payments of \$1,421,500 due annually beginning October 2012 and maturing in 2036; the loan is collateralized by a pledge of net revenues and eligible PFC revenues.	1,		666,176	15,753,946	
Total Long-Term Debt	35,773,605		1,443,989	34,329,616	
Total Compensated Absences	237,885	109,660	4,519	343,026	17,906
Total Long-Term Debt and Compensated Absences	<u>\$36,011,490</u>	<u>\$ 109,660</u>	<u>\$ 1,448,508</u>	<u>\$ 34,672,642</u>	\$ 17,906

Debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt subsequent to September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	State Infrastructure Bank		State Infrast	ructure Bank		
Fiscal	Loan Ag	greement	Loan Agreement			
Year Ended	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>	Interest		
2022	\$ 813,593	\$ 854,481	\$ 696,818	\$ 724,682		
2023	851,018	817,056	728,872	692,628		
2024	890,165	777,909	762,400	659,100		
2025	931,113	736,961	797,471	624,029		
2026	973,944	694,130	834,154	587,346		
2027-2031	5,584,408	2,755,962	4,782,880	2,324,620		
2032-2036	7,004,387	1,347,820	5,988,911	1,118,589		
2037	1,527,042	70,789	1,162,440	53,472		
	<u>\$ 18,575,670</u>	\$ 8,055,108	<u>\$ 15,753,946</u>	<u>\$ 6,784,466</u>		

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Florida Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP") required the District to establish a management endowment to earn interest, which would be used to pay mitigation costs. In lieu of an endowment, the District established a \$6,000,000 letter of credit as agreed upon with the DEP. The DEP is authorized to draw down on the letter of credit. As of September 30, 2020, there were no draws on the letter of credit.

NOTE 5 - LEASES

The District leases a substantial portion of its property to various organizations under operating leases. Rental income was as follows:

		2020	 2019
Noncancellable leases – Minimum rentals Contingent rentals	\$	6,283,048 4,795,554	\$ 7,016,189 4,383,634
	<u>\$</u>	11,078,602	\$ 11,399,823

The bases of rentals are as follows:

<u>Airlines</u> — A fixed amount annually, plus a variable amount based on aircraft operations and enplaned passengers.

<u>Rental Cars</u> — The greater of an amount fixed annually or a percentage of revenues, and a fixed amount for terminal area and maintenance facility rent.

<u>Restaurant/Gift Shop</u> — The greater of a fixed annual amount or a percentage of revenues, which percentage is periodically renegotiated.

<u>Fixed Base Operations</u> — Fixed amounts annually based on amounts of acreage plus a variable amount based on gallons of fuel flowage.

<u>All Others</u> — Advertisements in the airport are the greater of a fixed annual amount or a percentage of revenues; all others are fixed monthly amounts.

Future minimum rental commitments as of September 30, 2020, for the next five years are as follows:

2021	\$ 3,224,3	338
2022	631,4	195
2023	619,1	43
2024	604,8	377
2025	580,7	711

The approximate carrying value and accumulated depreciation pertaining to property held for rental included on the Statements of Net Position at September 30, 2020 is not readily determinable.

NOTE 6 – PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE

The District imposes a passenger facility charge ("PFC") of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger (except for those passengers exempt under the application or the regulation) at the District. The air carriers receive an \$0.11 handling fee per passenger, so the District nets \$4.39 per enplaned passenger. The PFC application allows PFC funds to be collected up to five years in advance of an anticipated project or an alternative project in the event the anticipated project is not undertaken.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES, AND SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Litigation:

There is no pending or, to the knowledge of the District, threatened litigation.

Contract Commitments:

At September 30, 2020, the District had contractual commitments of approximately \$5,439,224 for construction of airport projects. Funding of these future expenditures is expected to be received from federal grants, state grants, and current operations.

Subsequent Events:

The District did not have any other subsequent events requiring disclosure or recording in these financial statements through January 22, 2021, which is the date these financials statements were issued.

NOTE 8 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All full-time employees of the District earn vacation pay based on years of service.

Employees are not paid in lieu of vacation except in the event of resignation or termination, in which case unused vacation pay is paid up to the amount earned. Vacation benefits are accrued in the period they are earned. The liability for accumulated annual leave (excluding payroll taxes) at September 30, 2020 and 2019, is \$262,198 and \$186,541, respectively.

All full-time employees, excluding firefighters, of the District earn or accumulate sick leave with pay at the rate of one day per month and may accumulate a maximum of 60 days. Firefighters earn or accumulate sick leave with pay at 4.89 hours per pay period or 127 hours annually and may accumulate a maximum of 636 hours. Employees accumulating the maximum sick leave may be paid annually for one-third of the excess sick leave earned over the maximum, provided the maximum accumulation is maintained. A percentage of accumulated sick leave may be paid upon termination. The liability for accumulated annual sick leave at September 30, 2020 and 2019, is \$25,414 and \$15,656, respectively.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The District provides pension benefits for all of its full-time employees through the Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Money Purchase Plan, a defined contribution plan. The plan is administered by the District with Regions Morgan Keegan Trust serving as trustee and can only be amended by an action of the Board. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate one month after the date of employment. Benefits fully vest after six years of employment. Plan forfeitures are used to pay Plan administrative fees. Contributions in the amount of 10% of the preceding month's compensation are made each month by the District, as outlined in the adoption agreement which was approved by the Board on November 2, 1982. The Plan is noncontributory. Plan assets are invested in annuity contracts. Contributions made equaled required contributions for the current and two preceding years. The plan had 63 active participants at September 30, 2020.

The District's total personnel costs in fiscal year 2020 and 2019 were \$4,220,735 and \$3,602,579, respectively. The District's contributions were calculated using the salary amount of approximately \$2,982,200 and \$2,682,836 for September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The retirement expense by the District was \$299,061 and the amount contributed was \$299,061 for the year ended September 30, 2020; the expense for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$253,787 and the amount contributed was \$253,787.

NOTE 10 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District has elected to proceed under the Alternative Investment Guidelines as set forth in Section 218.415 Florida Statutes. The Authority may invest any surplus public funds in the following:

- a) The Local Government Surplus Trust Funds, or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act;
- b) Securities and Exchange Commission registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency;
- c) Interest bearing time deposits or savings accounts in qualified public depositories;
- d) Direct Obligations of the U.S. Treasury.

Securities listed in c and d shall be invested to provide sufficient liquidity to pay obligations as they come due. In addition, surplus funds may be deposited into certificates of deposit which are insured.

The District records all interest revenue related to investment activities in the respective funds and reports investments at fair value.

Included in the District's cash balances are amounts deposited with banks in interest bearing accounts, non-interest-bearing demand accounts, and interest-bearing time deposit accounts. The bank balances are entirely insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Florida Security for Public Deposits Act of the State of Florida.

NOTE 10 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The District held the following investments:

Investment Maturities

	9/3	0/20	9/30/19			
Investment Type	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year	Less than 1 Year	More than 1 Year		
- 4						
Other	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ 5,107</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 9,619		

Fair Value

A summary of the investment under the requirements of the fair value hierarchy follows:

		9/30/20			-	9/30/19				
			Quoted Prices		Quoted Prices				(Quoted Prices
		Total]	Level 1		Total		Level 1		
Investments by Fair value level										
Stocks	<u>\$</u>	5,107	\$	5,107	\$	9,619	\$	9,619		

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

NOTE 11 - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - REVENUES AND EXPENSES

The annual budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Management may not increase a department's total expenditures without seeking the approval of the Board of Directors, who may amend the budget at any time during the fiscal year. Amounts shown in the financial statements represent the original budgeted amounts and all supplemental amendments.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the District's actual operating revenues were less than budgeted operating revenues by \$4,200,072, due to revenue sharing with the airlines of \$1,438,684, and actual operating expenses exceeded budgeted operating expenses by \$13,560,721. The actual operating expenses increase over budgeted operating expenses was due to the following:

NOTE 11 - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - REVENUES AND EXPENSES (Continued)

• \$14,192,560 in depreciation expense that was not budgeted by the District in 2020.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the District's actual operating revenues were less than budgeted operating revenues by \$1,267,517, due to revenue sharing with the airlines of \$2,684,887, and actual operating expenses exceeded budgeted operating expenses by \$13,015,380. The actual operating expenses increase over budgeted operating expenses was primarily due to the \$13,668,371 in depreciation expense that was not budgeted by the District in 2019.

NOTE 12 - COVID-19 PANDEMIC

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a respiratory disease caused by a new coronavirus a pandemic. First identified in late 2019 and now known as COVID-19, the outbreak has impacted thousands of individuals worldwide. In response, many countries have implemented measures to combat the outbreak that have impacted global business operations. These measures included international travel restrictions and, in some states, orders to stay home. As a result, domestic travel across the United States has significantly declined. The pandemic and the resulting restrictions have caused disruption in aviation activity and passenger traffic at the Panama City - Bay County Airport And Industrial District and at airports around the world.

On March 25, 2020, Congress and the White House agreed to a COVID-19 assistance package, which includes \$10 billion from the federal General Fund to remain available until expended for airports to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus. Through the assistance package, which was signed into law as the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the "CARES Act"), the District received a grant award of \$6,327,925, of which \$8,748 was used as of September 30, 2020.

NOTE 13 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets were as follows:

		Balance		T				Balance		-	т	_		Balance
		9/30/18		Increases	L	<u>ecreases</u>		9/30/19	1	ncreases	_1	Decreases		9/30/20
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	Φ.	5 0 660 5 61	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	5 0 660 5 61	Φ.		ф		Φ.	5 0 660 5 61
Land	\$	70,669,561	\$	-	\$		\$	70,669,561		-	\$		\$	70,669,561
Construction work-in-process		1,889,959		3,789,996		3,360,614		2,319,341		10,381,840		2,956,349		9,744,832
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		72,559,520		3,789,996		3,360,614		72,988,902		<u>10,381,840</u>		2,956,349		80,414,393
Comital assats hains dominated														
Capital assets, being depreciated:		106 422 540						106 422 540						107 422 540
Buildings and improvements		186,423,540		-		-		186,423,540		-		-		186,423,540
Improvements other than buildings		123,736,716		2,985,973		-		126,722,689		2,912,763		-		129,635,452
Furniture and equipment		7,420,850		440,369		28,592		7,832,627		518,154		342,270		8,008,511
Total capital assets, being depreciated		317,581,106	_	3,426,342		28,592		320,978,856		3,430,917		342,270		324,067,503
Less accumulated depreciation for:														
•		20 277 200		1701105				11 161 705		1 792 045				19 045 720
Buildings and improvements		39,377,300		4,784,485		-		44,161,785		4,783,945		-		48,945,730
Improvements other than buildings		62,023,324		8,560,976		-		70,584,300		9,012,950		-		79,597,250
Furniture and equipment		6,424,109		322,910		28,592		6,718,427		395,666		342,270		6,771,823
Total accumulated depreciation		107,824,733	_	13,668,371		28,592		121,464,512		14,192,561		342,270		135,314,803
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		209,756,373		(10,242,029)				199,514,344	(10,761,644)				188,752,700
	Φ		Φ.	·	Φ.	2 260 614	Φ.				Φ.	2.056.240	Φ.	
Capital assets, net	D	282,315,893	7	(6,452,033)	7	3,360,614	7	272,503,246	7	(379,804)	<u> </u>	2,956,349	7	269,167,093

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

		2019			
	Budget	Actual	Actual		
Operating Revenues		_			
Airlines -					
Airline landing fees	\$ 3,416,716	\$ 3,134,783	\$ 2,896,803		
Cargo airline landing fees	19,002	14,589	16,636		
Airline terminal rent	2,566,396	2,415,679	2,250,221		
Signatory airline revenue sharing		(1,438,684)	(2,684,887)		
Total airlines	6,002,114	4,126,367	2,478,773		
Car rentals -					
Rental cars concession fees	3,198,797	2,433,416	3,196,973		
Rental cars customer facility charges	1,525,636	1,521,809	1,519,169		
Total car rentals	4,724,433	3,955,225	4,716,142		
Terminal complex -					
Public and employee parking	3,786,012	2,367,394	3,749,376		
Ground transportation fees	131,141	86,592	122,918		
Advertising concessions	90,574	72,744	88,275		
Retail merchandise concessions	126,334	83,175	111,153		
Food and beverage concessions	406,116	295,737	397,036		
Other terminal revenue	122,746	147,940	131,532		
Total terminal complex	4,662,923	3,053,582	4,600,290		
General aviation -					
Fixed base operator rents	344,341	344,311	337,701		
Fuel flowage fees	63,421	64,879	63,153		
Hangar/land rentals	354,878	359,521	350,454		
Total general aviation	762,640	768,711	751,308		
Other tenants and miscellaneous -					
Other tenants and miscellaneous	49,450	75,319	76,996		
Fuel farm	139,714	139,714	139,714		
Cargo building rental	6,000	28,284	6,000		
Total other tenants and miscellaneous	195,164	243,317	222,710		
Total operating revenues	16,347,274	12,147,202	12,769,223		

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

		20		2019			
		Budget		Actual	Actual		
Operating Expenses							
Personnel costs -							
Salary and wages	\$	3,068,094	\$	3,000,954	\$	2,474,850	
Overtime		93,694		52,665		98,773	
FICA contributions		235,516		218,576		186,681	
Group insurance		573,180		559,072		504,225	
Retirement		310,770		299,061		253,787	
Workers compensation insurance		83,000		88,279		81,106	
Other personnel costs		6,917		2,128		3,157	
Total personnel costs		4,371,171		4,220,735		3,602,579	
Supplies, materials, and maintenance -							
Airfield and grounds		214,250		102,271		160,817	
Computer supplies and software		40,150		47,497		22,127	
Machinery and equipment		20,400		27,995		27,312	
Miscellaneous supplies		9,900		4,319		6,771	
Radio equipment		10,056		9,285		10,166	
Safety and security		33,700		26,842		30,674	
Small tools and equipment		11,800		7,654		11,078	
Fuel farm		-		772		· -	
Terminal facility services and supplies		305,750		234,680		262,122	
Uniforms, clothing, and boots		21,300		10,629		16,518	
Vehicles, oil, tires, and fuel		66,000		41,895		66,717	
Total supplies, materials, and maintenance		733,306		513,839		614,302	
General and administrative expenses -							
Bank charges		53,000		58,616		53,535	
Bad debt expense		2,000		1,318		16,407	
Business meetings and events		11,500		4,350		5,265	
Dues, licenses, publications, and training		81,327		53,789		66,798	
Marketing and advertising		275,000		237,800		253,144	
Office services and supplies		31,735		25,400		27,958	
Financial consulting services		64,000		57,539		41,511	
Legal services		85,000		44,125		36,573	
Professional services		264,000		267,667		198,424	
Travel and conferences	_	33,700	_	9,425		18,922	
Total general and administrative expenses		901,262		760,029		718,537	

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RECEIPTS AND EXPENSES YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND 2019

	20		2019			
	Budget	Actual	Actual			
Operating Expenses (continued)						
Operating maintenance contracts						
Computer services	\$ 161,383	\$ 155,841	\$	136,973		
Contract cleaning	781,810	729,393		730,689		
Elevator and escalator	50,000	50,834		38,032		
Passenger loading bridges	307,360	313,759		305,837		
Parking lot management	467,922	436,508		459,839		
Total operating maintenance contracts	1,768,475	1,686,335		1,671,370		
Utilities and insurance						
Electricity	695,000	633,915		637,912		
Telephone	25,500	28,281		22,531		
Water and sewer	206,000	226,761		201,158		
Building and contents insurance	95,749	95,749		84,736		
Liability and auto insurance	79,797	78,777		73,730		
Total utilities and insurance	 1,102,046	1,063,483		1,020,067		
Total	8,876,260	8,244,421		7,626,855		
Depreciation	 	 14,192,560		13,668,371		
Total operating expenses	 8,876,260	22,436,981		21,295,226		
Operating (loss) income	 7,471,014	 (10,289,779)		(8,526,003)		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Covid-19 expenses	-	(8,748)		-		
Interest income	6,668	6,589		6,506		
PFC revenues	2,162,696	1,619,871		2,169,008		
CFC revenue	1,185,039	541,921		1,256,338		
Interest expense	(1,645,586)	(1,645,586)		(1,709,088)		
Grant revenues	67,021,056	8,913,312		3,199,856		
Gain on sale of assets	-	7,230		(745)		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments	-	(4,512)		(38)		
Disaster expenses	-	(55,662)		(275,287)		
Net insurance proceeds	-	8,394		303,729		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 68,729,873	9,382,809		4,950,279		
(Loss) Income	\$ 76,200,887	\$ (906,970)	\$	(3,575,724)		

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CONSTRUCTION WORK-IN-PROGRESS SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Funding Source		
FDOT GO309	Terminal expansion	\$ 5,119,405
AIP 3-12-0159-012-2018/FDOT ARB-67	Master Plan	612,214
AIP 3-12-0159-015-2019	Transient apron	2,318,807
AIP 3-12-0159-015-2019	Taxiway E-1	1,571,925
Airport Funding	Apron expansion	85,715
Airport Funding	Bag make-up expansion	4,813
Airport Funding	Environmental assessment	 31,953
		\$ 9,744,832

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF NON-GRANT FUNDED CAPITAL ITEMS ACQUIRED DURING THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Gate counter shell	\$ 21,503
Ballistic shield (qty 2)	2,317
Desktop computer (qty 38)	38,729
Speed control portable sign (qty 2)	7,062
Antenna with surge protector	10,137
SCBA unit (qty 2)	15,069
Firefighter turnout gear (qty 2)	3,156
Sport utility vehicle	42,193
Covered parking canopy	272,100
Tractor	66,749
Security camera (qty 2)	4,258
Terminal building water heater replacement	87,251
Digital controller	4,971
Police vehicle	27,476
Computer switch	5,819
Mitigation site development	220,748
	\$ 829,538

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF GRANT FUNDED CAPITAL ITEMS EXPENDED DURING THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

			Airport		FAA		FDOT		
Project Number	Description		Funding		Funding		Funding		Total
Capital Projects:									
AIP 3-12-0159-010-2018	Mitigation site development	\$	11,891	\$	107,016	\$	-	\$	118,907
AIP 3-12-0159-014-2019	Mitigation site development		5,821		52,392				58,213
	Total mitigation site development		17,712		159,408		-		177,120
AIP 3-12-0159-011-2018	Terminal ramp rehabilitation		24,702		220,466		-		245,168
AIP 3-12-0159-012-2018/FDOT G1811	Master Plan Update		25,609		266,196		8,969		300,774
AIP 3-12-0159-013-2018/FDOT GO309	Terminal ramp expansion		29,954		267,663		-		297,617
AIP 3-12-0159-015-2019	Transient apron & taxiway E-1		384,883		3,426,149		-		3,811,032
AIP 3-12-0159-015-2019	Terminal building expansion		562,140		4,348,222		-		4,910,362
FDOT G1876	Emergency fuel generators	•	102,967	•	- 0.600.104	•	100,000	•	202,967
Total Grant Funding		Þ	1,147,967	3	8,688,104	\$	108,969	Þ	9,945,040

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF OPERATIONS, GRANTS, AND CAPITAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Percentage												
	Increase												
((Decrease) of	•						(Contributions/		Net		
	Operating								Grants		Operating		
Year	Revenue					Net			for	I	ncome, PFC		Capital/
Ended	Over Prior		Operating	Operating		Operating	PFC		Capital	R	evenues, and		Grants
9/30	Year		Revenue	 Expense	I	ncome (Loss)	 Revenues		Outlay		Contributions		Expenditures
2020	-5%	\$	12,147,202	\$ 22,436,981	\$	(10,289,779)	\$ 1,619,871	\$	8,798,424	\$	128,516	\$	10,868,908
2019	8%		12,769,223	21,295,226		(8,526,003)	2,169,008		3,199,856		(3,157,139)		3,855,724
2018	3%		11,845,657	20,907,556		(9,061,899)	1,795,951		4,070,819		(3,195,129)		5,356,885
2017	3%		11,504,891	20,696,329		(9,191,438)	1,579,988		2,794,938		(4,816,512)		3,141,260
2016	8%		11,152,922	21,281,096		(10,128,174)	1,530,157		1,279,147		(7,318,870)		1,402,366
2015	3%		10,320,416	20,300,887		(9,980,471)	1,503,418		823,494		(7,653,559)		2,002,064
2014	2%		9,973,071	19,950,890		(9,977,819)	1,435,586		2,793,047		(5,749,186)		3,680,103
2013	-6%		9,737,443	20,800,222		(11,062,779)	1,482,204		4,000,105		(5,580,470)		5,773,800
2012	27%		10,339,893	19,309,761		(8,969,868)	1,639,762		2,858,891		(4,471,215)		7,844,991
2011	52%		8,158,802	18,881,027		(10,722,225)	1,646,924		975,501		(8,099,800)		18,115,240

The following are omitted from the above data:

- (1) Interest earnings
- (2) Interest expenses
- (3) Gain (loss) on sale of fixed assets
- (4) Miscellaneous nonoperating revenues

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, AND PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	CFDA/ CSFA Number		Balance October 1, 2019	Δdi	ustments (1)		Cash Receipts	ī	Expenditures		Balance ptember 30, 2020
Federal Aviation Administration	Number		2019	Auj	ustricits (1)		Receipts	1	Expenditures	-	2020
3-12-0159-010-2018	20.106	\$	82,854	\$	-	\$	189,870	\$	(107,016)	\$	-
3-12-0159-011-2018	20.106		45,310		-		265,776		(220,466)		-
3-12-0159-012-2018	20.106		193,117		-		369,810		(266,196)		89,503
3-12-0159-013-2018	20.106		633,492		-		901,155		(267,663)		-
3-12-0159-014-2019	20.106		-		-		52,392		(52,392)		-
3-12-0159-015-2019	20.106		397,385		(1,350)		4,743,244		(7,774,371)		3,429,862
3-12-0159-018-2020	20.106								(8,748)		8,748
Total Federal Aviation Administration			1,352,158		(1,350)		6,522,247		(8,696,852)		3,528,113
Department of Homeland Security											
HSTS02-16-H-SLR727	NA		9,060				97,480		(106,140)		17,720
FEMA											
15-SP-8Z-01-13-13-557	97.036		1,977,477				37,414				1,940,063
Total Federal Awards		\$	3,338,695	\$	(1,350)	\$	6,657,141	\$	(8,802,992)	\$	5,485,896
Florida Department of Transportation											
ARB 67	55004	\$	182,361	\$	-	\$	182,361	\$	-	\$	-
ARO 06	55004		38,750		-		38,750		-		-
GO 309	55004		176,928		-		176,928		-		-
G1811	55004		-		-		8,969		(8,969)		-
G1876	55004						100,000		(100,000)		
Total Florida Department of Transportation		_	398,039				507,008		(108,969)		
SERT											
SERT			323,937		<u> </u>		6,236				317,701
Total State Financial Assistance		\$	721,976	\$		\$	513,244	\$	(108,969)	\$	317,701
		I	h/Investments/ Receivables October 1, 2019	A	.djustment	Revenue (2)			Expended	R	v/Investments/ ecceivables ptember 30, 2020
Passenger Facility Charges		\$	922,572	\$		\$	1,619,871	\$	(1,606,579)	\$	935,864

⁽¹⁾ Prior period expenses that were deemed eligible by the FAA/FDOT.

⁽²⁾ Including interest earnings

PANAMA CITY – BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, AND PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, state financial assistance, and passenger facility charges, includes the grant activity of the Panama City – Bay County Airport and Industrial District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, state financial assistance, and passenger facility charges summarizes the federal, state, and passenger facility charge expenditures of the District under programs of the federal government, state departments, and Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies, for the year ended September 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the requirements of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and the Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies. The amounts reported as federal awards, state projects, and passenger facility charge expenditures were obtained from the District's general ledger. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

For purposes of the schedule, federal awards, state projects, and passenger facility charges include all grants, contracts, and similar agreements entered into directly with the federal government, state departments, and passenger facility charge programs. The District has obtained Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) and Catalog of State Financial Assistance (CSFA) numbers to ensure that all programs have been identified in the schedule.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Panama City, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida January 22, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE AND PASSENGER FACILITY CHARGE AUDIT GUIDE FOR PUBLIC AGENCIES

To the Board of Directors of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Panama City, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Passenger Facility Charge Program

We have audited Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Passenger Facility Audit Guide for Public Agencies, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration for its Passenger Facility Charge program that could have a direct and material effect on each of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's major federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs for the year ended September 30, 2020. Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's major federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards and passenger facility charges applicable to its federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's major federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller

General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the requirements described in the Passenger Facility Audit Guide for Public Agencies, issued by the Federal Aviation Administration. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the Passenger Facility Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or Passenger Facility Charge program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and Passenger Facility Charge Program

In our opinion, Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the Passenger Facility Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance

with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and Passenger Facility Charge program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the Passenger Facility Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida January 22, 2021

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on whether the financial statements of Panama City Bay County Airport and Industrial District were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Panama City Bay County Airport and Industrial District, which would be required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Passenger Facility Charge Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Passenger Facility Charge Audit Guide for Public Agencies.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award program and Passenger Facility Charge program for Panama City Bay County Airport and Industrial District expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs and Passenger Facility Charge programs.
- 6. Our audit disclosed no findings required to be reported related to federal programs in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a).
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included the following:

Federal Program

Federal CFDA No.

Federal Aviation Administration

20.106

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Panama City Bay County Airport and Industrial District was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

PANAMA CITY - BAY COUNTY AIRPORT AND INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONE

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

NONE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Directors Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Panama City, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U. S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Passenger Facility Charge Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Independent Accountant's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professional Standards*, AT-C section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated January 22, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District is an independent special district created by an act of the Legislature of the State of Florida and is not considered a component unit of any other local governmental unit. The special act which created the District was Chapter 67-1099 of House Bill 1608 filed June 19, 1967, which was later repealed and replaced by Chapter 98-527 of House Bill 4545 filed May 22, 1998, Chapter 2005-311 of House Bill 939 filed June 14, 2005, and Chapter 2005-311 of House Bill 1635 filed July 1, 2010.

Financial Condition and Management

Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District. It is management's responsibility to monitor Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tipton, Marley, Lamer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida

January 22, 2021

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District Panama City, Florida

We have examined Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District is responsible for Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District's compliance with specified requirements.

In our opinion, Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2020.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Panama City - Bay County Airport and Industrial District and the Florida Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Tipton, Marley, Lainer: Chastain

Panama City, Florida January 22, 2021